## **Lesson Plan Template**

Name: Jean Carmody Grade/Dept.: Grade 4/Art

School: Stone Hill Date: 1/10/2013

Total Time of Lesson: 4 - 40 Minutes Sessions

Standard 1: Planning and Preparation Component 1.1: Demonstrating Knowledge of Content & Students				
Elements / Performance Indicators	Considerations/ Guiding Questions	Educator Evidence		
1.1a Knowledge of Content RIPTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Identify the important concepts, skills, and standards of this discipline/ subject that are being addressed in this lesson.	<ul> <li>Students will learn about symmetry while drawing and learning about the Taj Mahal.</li> <li>Demonstration of knowledge and application of Visual Art and Design concept by identifying and exploring basic VAI concepts: Line, shape, color and pattern. (RI GSE VAD 1-1)</li> <li>Demonstration of knowledge and skill of using tools, techniques and processes of VAD by demonstrating knowledge of basic art vocabulary. (RI GSE VAD 1-2)</li> <li>Recognize a line of symmetry for a two-dimensional figure as a line across the figure such that the figure can be folded along the line into matching parts. Identify line-symmetric figures and draw lines of symmetry. (Mathematics-CCSS 4.G.3)</li> </ul>		
1.1b Knowledge of Students RIPTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Give a brief demographic overview of the class, including such things as: Student skills, knowledge, language proficiency, interests, cultural heritage, specific learning and/or medical needs.	The student population consists of 21 multicultural students: 10 boys and 11 girls, all of which speak English proficiently. Two students have a Personal Literacy Plan (PLP) and an additional three are being monitored for PLP qualification.		
	ning and Preparation Establishing Instructional (	Outcomes		
	Considerations/ Guiding Questions	Educator Evidence		
1.2 Establishing Instructional Outcomes RIPTS 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	<ul> <li>State learning outcomes/ objectives for this lesson, and why were they selected.</li> <li>Describe the importance and rigor of the outcomes of this lesson.</li> </ul>	The Students will be able to:  1. Identify and use lines, shapes, colors, pattern and symmetry in creating their "Taj Mahal"  2. Use symmetry in composition in creating their "Taj Mahal"  3. Discuss artwork using art vocabulary  Result of this lesson will allow the students to:  1. Develop knowledge that the visual arts, has both historical and specific relationships to various cultures – India  2. Learn about symmetry while drawing and learning about the history of the Taj Mahal		

Elements /	Considerations/	Educator Evidence		
Performance	Guiding Questions			
Indicators				
1.3.a	Provide a description of	Day 1: Introduction to lesson: Evaluation day		
Learning Activities ,	the learning activities in	Teacher will introduce the objectives of the project:		
Lesson Structure &	this lesson, including what the teacher and	Students will learn about symmetry while drawing and		
Content-Related	students will be doing as	learning about the history of the Taj Mahal.		
Pedagogy	_	learning about the history of the raj Mahai.		
	<ul><li>well as the pacing.</li><li>Explain how you will</li></ul>	<ul> <li>In activating understanding of previous knowledge,</li> </ul>		
DIDTC 1 2 2 4 F	accommodate the diverse	students will be asked (through the teacher-created		
RIPTS 1, 2, 3,4,5	needs of your learners in	PowerPoint Presentation) the following essential		
	this lesson and in the assessment of your	questions:		
	students.	How is Art important in various cultures?		
		Why is Art necessary?		
		Teacher will lead discussion with students while viewing a		
		teacher-created PowerPoint presentation about the Taj		
		Mahal and the art lesson. PowerPoint will give a brief		
		history about Taj Mahal as well as various art terms to be used in the art project – architecture, symmetry, shape, and		
		pattern. The PowerPoint presentation will include the		
		expectations for the art project.		
		Teacher will demonstrate step-by-step the processes		
		involve in creating a symmetrical "Taj Mahal"		
		<ul> <li>Have the students fold a 12" X 18" paper in half. On the</li> </ul>		
		top half, draw along with the students one shape at a		
		time		
		<ul> <li>The entire complex of buildings consists of</li> </ul>		
		rectangles and half circles.		
		<ul> <li>Begin with a long rectangle along the folded</li> </ul>		
		edge of the paper – keeping paper folded.		
		Sitting on top of that, add a large rectangle in		
		the middle with a smaller rectangle sitting on		
		top of that. Add a large quarter circle or onion		
		shaped dome on the top of that.		
		Continue adding the rectangles and half circle  domag along each side of the center building.		
		domes along each side of the center building working out from the fold.		
		• Once all of the building shapes are drawn on ½		
		of the paper, the teacher will call students to		
		the table to demonstrate how they will		
		'transfer' their design and add details like the		
		windows, arch doorways and patterns.		
		Students will want to be reminded that		
		whatever they do on one side, they must do on		
		the other to maintain a symmetrical design.		
		Day 2: Continue with Taj Mahal		
		<ul> <li>Teacher and students will review previous class</li> </ul>		
		discussion as well as project's expectations.		
		<ul> <li>As the students are adding details to their art</li> </ul>		
		project, the teacher will demonstrate next step in the		

		lesson. Demonstration will include;
		<ul> <li>Using sharpies to outline the structure and detail</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Watercolor painting technique</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Teacher will use questioning strategies to allow opportunity for deeper thinking and understanding of project.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Teacher will walk around the room to see if students are on task or need clarification.</li> </ul>
		Day 3: Continue with Taj Mahal
		<ul> <li>Teacher and students will review previous class discussion as well as project's expectations.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Students will continue to paint their Taj Mahal.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Teacher will walk around the room to see if students</li> </ul>
		are on task or need clarification.
		• Day 4: Final Day
		<ul> <li>Students will complete their art project and complete the expectation checklist.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Students will complete the summative assessment worksheet.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Students will work in groups of 2 to critique overall project and individual art works – using the Peer-to- peer critique worksheet.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>While students are working on their critique worksheet, the teacher will walk around the room to see if students have completed their project, checklist and assessment worksheet.</li> </ul>
1.3.b	List the materials and	Laptop
Instructional	resources used in the lesson.	LCD Projector
Materials and	lesson.	Art Supplies:
Resources		• 12x18 White Poster Paper
RIPTS 1, 2, 3,4,5		<ul><li>Pencils</li><li>Frasers</li></ul>
		<ul><li>Erasers</li><li>Rulers</li></ul>
		Sharpies (Black markers)
		Watercolor Paint
		<ul> <li>Paintbrushes</li> </ul>
		Water cups
		<ul> <li>Paper towel</li> </ul>
		Worksheets:
		Visual examples of patterns
		Project Expectations Checklist (Taj Checklist.pdf)      Project Expectations Checklist (Taj Checklist.pdf)      Project Expectations Checklist (Taj Checklist.pdf)
		Project Rubric (taj mahal rubric.pdf)     Project Assessment Workshoot
		<ul> <li>Project Assessment Worksheet (tajmahalworksheet.pdf)</li> </ul>
		Peer-to-Peer Critique Worksheet (taj mahal
		critique.pdf)
		Website for resources:
		<ul> <li>http://carmodyart.weebly.com/taj-mahal.html</li> </ul>
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1.3.c Instructional Groups RIPTS 1, 2, 3,4,5,9	<ul> <li>Explain how students are grouped during the lesson.</li> <li>What data did you use to inform grouping decisions?</li> <li>Explain how students are grouped during the setup (this is not an art room – art teacher travels art-a-lacart) but will be expected to work independently on their individual art projects.</li> <li>Communicating with the classroom teacher has allowed the teacher to understand that symmetry is a standard under the Grade 4 Mathematics Common Core Standard. By doing this lesson, it allows me to supplement the student's knowledge and understanding of Symmetry.</li> </ul>
	ing and Preparation esigning Student Assessment
Elements / Performance Indicators	Considerations/ Guiding Questions  Educator Evidence
1.4 Designing Student Assessment RIPTS 4, 5, 9	<ul> <li>Describe any formative and summative assessments that will be used in this lesson (or connected to this lesson)</li> <li>Explain how these assessments align to the outcomes of the lesson.</li> <li>How does information from assessments inform your instruction?</li> <li>Formative:         <ul> <li>Project Expectation Checklist – Students will fill out project expectation checklist as they are working on their task. (Taj Checklist.pdf)</li> <li>Project Rubric – Students and Teacher will fill out Project Rubric Sheet. (taj mahal rubric.pdf)</li> <li>Teacher will monitor progress from beginning, middle, and end of progress and offer helpful suggestions and/or reminders.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Summative:         <ul> <li>Summative:</li> <li>Informal Peer to Peer/Class Critique - Students will work in pairs to critique each others work according to a predetermined set of questions provided by the teacher. (taj mahal critique.pdf)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>